

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by  
UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

**Foster™ 81-84 comp. A**

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	25.04.2023	100000018446	Date of first issue: 25.04.2023

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**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name : Foster™ 81-84 comp. A

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the Sub-  
stance/Mixture : Adhesive

Recommended restrictions  
on use : For industrial use only.

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company : H.B. Fuller, Isar-Rakoll, S.A.

Address : Estrada Nacional 13  
PT-4486-851 Mindelo - Vila do Conde  
+351 229 288 200

Telephone : +448883513523

Telefax : +448005286079

E-mail address of person  
responsible for the SDS : EU-MSDS@hbfuller.com

**Distributed By:**

Temati  
Rijnland 2  
1948 RL Beverwijk  
The Netherlands

Phone: +31 (0) 251 22 91 72

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone number : +44 1235 239 670 (24 hours)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)**

Effects on or via lactation	H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)**

Hazard pictograms :



Hazard statements : H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

**Prevention:**

P260 Do not breathe dust or mist.  
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:**

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:**

alkanes, C14-17, chloro

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#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	85535-85-9 287-477-0 602-095-00-X 01-2119519269-33-0000	Lact.H362 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 10 - < 25

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.
- If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. In case of unconsciousness bring patient into stable side position for transport.
- In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if eye irritation develops or persists.
- If swallowed : If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Rinse mouth with water. If conscious, drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No further relevant information available.

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Water mist  
Foam  
Dry powder  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : No further relevant information available.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : No special protective measures against fire required.

Further information : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Ensure adequate ventilation.

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Send for recovery or disposal in suitable containers.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).  
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8., For disposal considerations see section 13.

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.  
Use only with adequate ventilation.  
Handle with care.  
Keep eye wash bottle available on working place.  
Avoid release to the environment.  
Keep away from children.
- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Keep breathing equipment ready. Have fire extinguishing equipment ready in case of nearby fire.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep dark, cool and dry. Do not freeze.
- Further information on storage conditions : Keep container tightly sealed. Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the container exploding.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : No further relevant information available.
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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Engineering measures

Please take care on national and local requirements.

##### Personal protective equipment

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Eye protection	:	Tightly fitting safety goggles
Hand protection Material	:	Nitrile rubber
Remarks	:	The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/the substance/the preparation. The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed.
Skin and body protection	:	Protective clothing
Respiratory protection	:	Use respiratory protection unless adequate risk management measures (exhaust/ ventilation) are provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. In case of brief exposure or low pollution (exceeding of TLV) use breathing filter apparatus. In case of intensive or longer exposure use breathing apparatus that is independent of circulating air.
Protective measures	:	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Store protective clothing separately.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Air	:	Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	paste
Colour	:	beige
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour Threshold	:	is not determined
pH	:	7
Melting point/freezing point	:	is not determined

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Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 200 °C
Flash point	:	229 °C
Evaporation rate	:	is not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not classified as a flammability hazard
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	Upper explosion limit Not applicable
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Lower explosion limit Not applicable
Vapour pressure	:	< 1 hPa
Relative vapour density	:	is not determined
Density	:	1,47 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	not miscible or difficult to mix
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 450 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive

**9.2 Other information**

No data available

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

No further relevant information available.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

No decomposition if used according to the specifications.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions : None known.

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#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No further relevant information available.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No further relevant information available.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity

##### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

##### Product:

Mobility : Medium: Soil  
Remarks: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

##### Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or

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very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Do not dispose of with domestic refuse. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste. Can be deposited with household garbage after solidification following consultation with the operator of the waste disposal facility and the pertinent authorities and under adherence to the necessary technical regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Incinerate under controlled conditions in accordance with all local and national laws and regulations. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
Contaminated packaging	: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

ADN	: UN 3082
ADR	: UN 3082
RID	: UN 3082
IMDG	: UN 3082
IATA	: UN 3082

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
ADR	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, C14-17, Chloro)
RID	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

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**IMDG** : N.O.S.  
(Alkanes, C14-17, Chloro)  
: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,  
N.O.S.  
(Alkanes, C14-17, Chloro)

**IATA** : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.  
(Alkanes, C14-17, Chloro)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADN** : 9  
**ADR** : 9  
**RID** : 9  
**IMDG** : 9  
**IATA** : 9

#### 14.4 Packing group

**ADN**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : M6  
Hazard Identification Number : 90  
Labels : 9

**ADR**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : M6  
Hazard Identification Number : 90  
Labels : 9  
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

**RID**  
Packing group : III  
Classification Code : M6  
Hazard Identification Number : 90  
Labels : 9

**IMDG**  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 9  
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

**IATA (Cargo)**  
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964  
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964  
Packing group : III  
Labels : Miscellaneous

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#### IATA\_P (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y964
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

##### ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

##### ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

##### RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

##### IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59)	:	alkanes, C14-17, chloro
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)	:	Not applicable
RoHS: 2011/65/EU, Restriction of Hazardous Substances	:	Not applicable

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Council Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors : Neither banned nor restricted

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

E2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)  
Not applicable

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture.

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements

H362 : May cause harm to breast-fed children.  
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard  
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard  
Lact. : Effects on or via lactation

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard

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of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Further information

Other information : This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

Contact Point : Prepared by: Global Regulatory Department  
EU-MSDS@hbfuller.com

#### Classification of the mixture:

Lact.	H362
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

#### Classification procedure:

Calculation method
Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific

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material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name : Foster™ 81-84 comp. B

Substance name : Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues  
(CAS Number: 9016-87-9 )

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the Sub-  
stance/Mixture : Hardener / Curing agent

Recommended restrictions : For industrial use only.  
on use

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company : H.B. Fuller, Isar-Rakoll, S.A.

Address : Estrada Nacional 13  
PT-4486-851 Mindelo - Vila do Conde  
+351 229 288 200

Telephone : +448883513523

Telefax : +448005286079

E-mail address of person  
responsible for the SDS : EU-MSDS@hbfuller.com

**Distributed By:**

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Phone: +31 (0) 251 22 91 72

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone number : +44 1235 239 670 (24 hours)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)**

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Respiratory system	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.



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H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :

#### Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

#### Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Additional Labelling

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.  
"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Substance name : Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues (CAS Number: 9016-87-9)

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric	9016-87-9	>= 90 - <= 100

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Immediately remove clothing if soiled by product.
- Even minimal concentrations of isocyanate can lead to a reaction in sensitised people.  
Symptoms that may occur include the following:  
irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly together with a dry throat, a feeling of chest tightness and breathing difficulties.
- Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.  
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.  
In case of unconsciousness bring patient into stable side position for transport.
- In case of skin contact : Treat affected skin with cotton wool or cellulose.  
Wash off immediately with plenty of water.  
Use a mild soap if available.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if eye irritation develops or persists.
- If swallowed : If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.  
Do NOT induce vomiting.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : In instances of existing sensitisation towards isocyanates, a doctor should be consulted with regards to work-related contact with other sensitising substances, or substances which irritate the airway.

Treatment for exposure should be geared towards monitoring

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symptoms and the patient's clinical condition.  
It must be ensured that the patient has sufficient ventilation and oxygen supply.

Isocyanates can cause sensitisation of the airways, or asthma-like symptoms (bronchospasms). Delayed breathing symptoms, including lung oedema, may occur.

People who have shown signs of breathlessness after considerable exposure should remain under observation for 24-48 hours.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Dry powder  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water with a full water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : May release toxic, irritating and/or corrosive gases.  
In case of fire CO, NO<sub>x</sub>, isocyanates and traces of HCN can be formed.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

Further information : Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

---

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.  
Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.  
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

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Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).  
Non-sparking tools should be used.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.  
Send for recovery or disposal in suitable containers.  
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8., For disposal considerations see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the vapor concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.  
Take note of emission threshold.  
Avoid formation of aerosol.  
Do not heat the product.  
Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines.  
Handle with care. Avoid inhalation and skin contact.  
Keep eye wash bottle available on working place.  
Avoid release to the environment.  
Keep away from children.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Keep breathing equipment ready. Have fire extinguishing equipment ready in case of nearby fire.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep dark, cool and dry. Do not freeze.

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Further information on storage conditions : Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Advice on common storage : Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Dampness : Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No further relevant information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric	9016-87-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as -NCO)	GB EH40
	<p>Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an</p>			

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	occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages ( <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/asthma">www.hse.gov.uk/asthma</a> ) provide further information.		
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (as -NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages ( <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/asthma">www.hse.gov.uk/asthma</a> ) provide further information.		
	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to		

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	<p>asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (<a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/asthma">www.hse.gov.uk/asthma</a>) provide further information.</p>		
	STEL	0,07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (NCO)	GB EH40
	<p>Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk</p>		

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	<p>management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (<a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/asthma">www.hse.gov.uk/asthma</a>) provide further information.</p>
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#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Engineering measures

Please take care on national and local requirements.

##### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Remarks : Direct contact with the isocyanate-based product must be avoided by organizational measures.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/the substance/the preparation.  
The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed.  
The gloves need to be disposed after the penetration time and replaced by new ones.  
Apply skin protectant before working with gloves to avoid skin swellings and use a skin cleansing and skincare product after the work.

**For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:**

If longer exposure to the chemical preparation is necessary, a sturdy overglove against mechanical strain is recommended in combination with the Barrier 02-100 underglove from Ansell or other suppliers (penetration time: 480 min).

**For the permanent contact of a maximum of 15 minutes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:**



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Butyl rubber (minimum thickness: 0.7 mm; penetration time: 15 min)

**As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:**

Nitril (minimum thickness 0.12 mm), Disposable gloves with long cuffs

After contact with the chemical preparation, take the disposable nitrile glove off immediately and put on a new disposable nitrile glove.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing

When carrying out activities where unintentional skin contact with the isocyanate-based product may occur (e.g. during maintenance work, or when opening a barrel), wear long-sleeved protective clothing and gloves.

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate risk management measures (exhaust/ ventilation) are provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.  
In case of brief exposure or low pollution (exceeding of TLV) use breathing filter apparatus.  
In case of intensive or longer exposure use breathing apparatus that is independent of circulating air.

Filter type : For short term use a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter is recommended.

Protective measures : Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments.  
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.  
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.  
Store protective clothing separately.  
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : amber

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Odour	:	unpleasant
Odour Threshold	:	is not determined
pH	:	neutral
Melting point/freezing point	:	41 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	190 °C
Flash point	:	> 200 °C
Evaporation rate	:	is not determined
Vapour pressure	:	0,0002 hPa (25 °C)
Relative vapour density	:	is not determined
Density	:	1,23 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	:	
Water solubility	:	reacts with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	400 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable
Viscosity	:	
Viscosity, dynamic	:	180 - 260 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive

**9.2 Other information**

No data available

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

No further relevant information available.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

No decomposition if used according to the specifications.

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#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with alcohols, amines, aqueous acids and alkalis.  
Mixture reacts with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>.  
Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No further relevant information available.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No further relevant information available.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as:

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Isocyanates

Additional information: Open and release pressure carefully with pressurised containers.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### Components:

##### **Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric:**

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,49 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 Hours  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Product:

Mobility : Medium: Soil  
Remarks: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.  
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.  
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.  
Incinerate under controlled conditions in accordance with all local and national laws and regulations.  
Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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#### SECTION 14: Transport information

##### 14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

##### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

##### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:  
Number on list 3

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric (Number on list 74)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) : Not applicable

RoHS: 2011/65/EU, Restriction of Hazardous Substances : Not applicable

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Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.  
Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)  
Not applicable

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture.

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## SECTION 16: Other information

#### Full text of other abbreviations

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits  
GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)  
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization;

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KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECl - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Further information

Other information : This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

Contact Point : Prepared by: Global Regulatory Department  
EU-MSDS@hbfuller.com

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